

Pak Turk International Schools & Colleges Islamabad, Pakistan

Computer Science Section

Summer Home Work 2010

Class 8 O Levels

30 Mints Daily Typing Practice on any Typing Tutor Software.

Daily One exercise of writing practice on any book available from market. (By using lead pencil).

Chapter # 1

- Q#1: Write down the introduction of Internet?
- Q#2: Write down the most important properties of the Internet?
- Q#3: Write down in your own words the History of Internet?
- Q#4: Name the servers and their Tasks?
- Q#5: Write down the popular use of the Internet?
- Q#6: Search computer related books and CDs in the Internet. Write three names with prices.
- Q#7: Define the important Internet Tools?
- Q#8: Name some important Internet Program?
- Q#9: Define World Wide Web?
- Q#10: Define the World Wide Web Terminology?
- Q#11: Attempt the questions in the Exercise?

Chapter # 2

- Q#1: Define the following:
- a) Connection Speed (Transmission Speed)
 - b) Communication Channel
 - c) Internet Service Provider
 - d) Dial up Connection
 - e) ISDN
 - f) ADSL

Q#2: Define the Internet Software?

Q#3: Write down the connection type and its speed?

Q#4: Write down the steps to Accessing the Internet?

Q#5: How you protect your Network?

Q#6: Attempt the questions in the Exercise?

PAKTURK SCHOOLS & COLLAGES

8-0 LEVEL

PHYSICS

SUMMER

HOMEWORK

PART-1 MCQs

1- Which of the following is the unit of density?

- A) kg/m³ B) g/cm C) dg/cm² D) cm³/kg

2-Which of the following statement(s) is (are) true?

I. kg/m³ is the unit of density.

II. $d = \frac{m}{V}$ is the formula of density.

III. $m=d \cdot V$ is the formula of mass in terms of density and volume.

- A) I B) II C) I and III D) I and II

3-Which one of the following statement is correct?

- A) Force can change mass an object.
B) Force can change speed an object.
C) Force can change time.
D) Force can change temperature.

4- 2N and 8N are two forces acting on a body. Find the resultant forces, if they are in the same or opposite directions.

- A) 10N, 6N B) 10N, 10N
C) 6N, 10N D) 10N, 4N

5- Which one of the following quantities is not basic quantity for SI?

- A) Weight B) Mass C) Length D) Time

6- _____ is the amount of space occupied by an object.

- A) Mass B) Volume
C) Density D) Weight

7- The unit of _____ is meter in SI and represented by m.

- A) Area B) Length C) Volume D) Mass

8- _____ is the amount of matter in an object.

- A) Volume B) Density C) Mass D) Area

9- Which one of the following is incorrect?

- A) Force is measured by a dynamometer.
B) Weight is constant everywhere.
C) Mass is always constant everywhere
D) Mass is measured with equally-armed balance.

10- SI means _____

- A) Nothing B) Internatinal unit system
C) National unit system D) Some interval

11- Basic unit of volume in SI is _____

- A) m³ B) cm³ C) hm³ D) mm³

12- Basic unit of mass SI is _____

- A) kilogram B) hectogram
C) decigram D) centigram

13- Basic unit of time in SI is _____

- A) Hour B) Second
C) Minute D) Day

14- A box has dimensions of 20cm, 30cm and 50cm.
What is the volume of the box, in dm³?

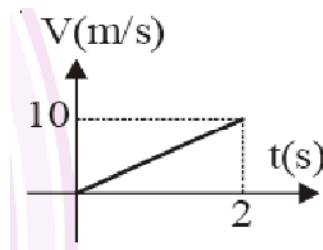
- A) 300 B) 30 C) 3000 D) 30000

15- How many minutes are there between time interval 02:30 and 17:50?

- A) 890 B) 870 C) 920 D) 860

16- On a frictionless horizontal surface the of an object of 2 kg in the figure what applied on an Newtons(N)?

- A) 4 B) 6
C) 8 D) 10



velocity-time graph as shown is the force object in

17- An object ground with 20m/s. Find the height of the object?

- A) 10 m B) 20 m C) 30 m D) 40 m

falling freely from rest and strike the

18- An apple falls from an apple tree and strike to the ground in 1 second. Find the height that the apple falls.

- A) 2 m B) 5 m C) 10 m D) 15 m

19- An object is thrown vertically upward with 60 m/s. Calculate the speed of the object after 4 seconds.

- A) 20 m/s B) 50 m/s C) 40 m/s D) 30 m/s

20- A car is given an initial velocity of 10 m/s and experiences a constant acceleration of 4 m/s². What is the final velocity after 15s?

- A) 30 m/s B) 40 m/s C) 50 m/s D) 70 m/s

PART-2 Fill in the Blanks:

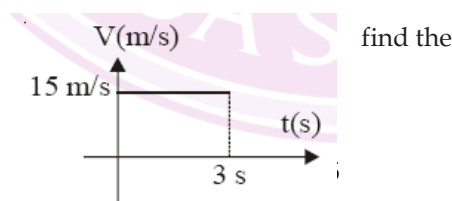
- 1) The ratio of mass to volume gives _____.
- 2) Unit of density is _____ in SI.
- 3) Unit of mass is _____ in SI.
- 4) When the volume of a substance increases, density does not _____.
- 5) Density is the mass per unit _____.
- 6) A force can be caused to a body which is _____ to move.
- 7) A force can be changed _____ or _____ of motion of the moving object.
- 8) Weight is directly proportional to _____ and _____.
- 9) The area under v-versus t-graph is equal to.....
- 10) If the velocity is constant acceleration is
- 11) If the body is at the velocity is zero
- 12) If the acceleration is constant velocity is
- 13) In velocity-time graph, the area under the velocity line gives us:.....
- 14) The slope of v-t graph gives us graph
- 15) The change in velocity per unit time is called.....

PART-3 True-False:

- 1- () Density is not a characteristic property.
- 2- () Density of iron is more than density of mercury.
- 3- () The unit of density is g/cm².
- 4- () 1000 kg/m³ is equal to 1 g/cm³.
- 5- () Density of a substance may change, when the temperature increases.
- 6- () Density of a matter does not change.
- 7- () $Weight = Mass \cdot Distance$ is the formula of the weight of an object.
- 8- () If the acceleration is constant velocity will be zero.
- 9- () force is measured with spring balance or dynamometer.

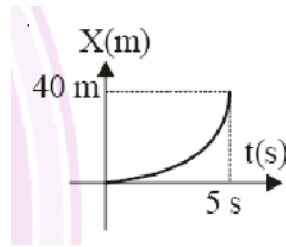
PART-4 Answer the questions:

- 1) The density of water 1000 kg/m³. Convert this value into g/cm³.
- 2) Convert 40 mg/cm³ into g/cm³.
- 3) The density of oxygen is 0,0013 g/cm³. How many kilograms are there in 1 m³.
- 4) A block of wood 10m×5m×4m has a mass of 80000 kg. What is the density of the wood in kg/m³?
- 5) The mass of object is 1500 g. Find the weight of object on the earth? (g = 10N/kg)
- 6) The weight of object is 67N on the planet, find gravitational acceleration of this planet, if mass of the object is 670 g.
- 7) Plot X-t graph and find the final position if X₀= 0



find the

8) Find the velocity at $t = 5$ s and find average velocity



9) A car accelerates from 50m/s to 70m/s at a constant rate of 5m/s^2 . What is the average velocity of the car, in m/s?

10) A car starts its motion with a velocity of 40m/s. It moves with a constant acceleration of 4m/s^2 within 5 seconds. What is the average velocity of the car within this time interval?

11) The velocity of a car changes from 10 m/s to 50m/s in 5s. Find: a) Acceleration
b) The displacement in this time interval.

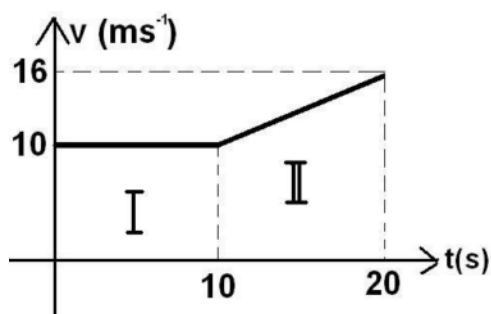
12) Fill the table:

Measurement	Unit	Symbol
mass		
	meter	
		m^3
	second	
temperature		
		N
	meter squared	

13) Draw the speed vs. time graph by using the table:

Time(s)	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16
Speed(m/s)	0	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32

14) Draw the distance vs. time graph of the object for which V-t graph is given.



c. euglena

d. pine

2. Which of the following forms of life is NOT eukaryotic?

a. a protist such as an amoeba

b. a plant cell such as Elodea

c. a bacterial cell such as Streptococcus

d. a human cell such as a red blood cell

3. Which of the following is an autotrophic organism?

a. cat

b. dog

c. lion

d. sunflower

4. Which of the following is used by bacteria as a movement structure?

a. pseudopodia b. legs

c. cilia

d. fins

5. Living organisms have following features except...

a. reproduction

b. movement

c. death

d. metallic structure

Part B: Write answer of each question

1. List three differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells

	Prokaryotic cells	Eukaryotic cells
1		
2		
3		

Part C: Critical thinking

1. Why do we need bacteria in our daily life? Explain

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2. What are the general characteristics of bacteria? Write down full properties.....

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3. What are the general characteristics of protista? Write down full properties.....

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4. What are the general characteristics of living things? Write down full properties

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5. What are the general characteristics of fungi? Write down full properties.

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6. What are the general characteristics of plants? Write down full properties.

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7. What are the general characteristics of animals? Write down full properties

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SUMMER HOME WORK FOR CLASS 8TH O'LEVEL AND MATRIC

SUBJECT: ENGLISH COURSE BOOK AND SUPPLEMENTRY

SECTION A

Q.1 WRITE ESSAYS ON THE FOLLOWING THEMES. EACH ESSAY SHOULD NOT BE LESS THAN 250 WORDS AND NOT MORE THAN 300 WORDS.

a) My aim in life

- b) My childhood
- c) If I were the king of a country
- D) Energy crises in Pakistan
- E) The true cause of the downfall of the Muslims
- f) How can we make our future brighter than our present?
- g) Work is a blessing
- h) Laziness is a curse

Q.2 what are the synonyms? Try to search out 100 hundred synonyms and use them in your own sentences.

Q.3 what do you know about the compound words? Try to find out 50 compound words and use them in your own sentences.

Q.4 What do you know about the narrative tenses? Write at least 10 examples of each narrative tense.

Q.5 Write a narrative of five to six hundred words. The theme should be from the following three topics

- a) Justice
- b) mercy
- c) crime

SECTION B

Q.6 Read the novel kidnapped and write a note on the following characters.

- A) uncle Ebenezer
- B) David
- c) The red fox

Q.7 what are the qualities of a hero a novel?

Q.8 Prove Ebenezer as a villain of the novel?

Q.9 What is an autobiography? Do you think the boy is an autobiography? You should support your answer with solid references.

SUBJECT: SOCIAL STUDIES

CLASS: 8th 'O'

CHAPTER 1

Q1: Describe the top ten populous cities of Pakistan.

Q2: What are the common problems with growth of the important cities?

Q3: What do you think about the future of Gawadar?

Q4: Why Faisalabad grew so quickly, and what are the problems it is facing today?

Q5: What is the importance of KKH?

Q6: Why is Orangi Pilot Project different from other development projects?

Q7: Describe the Important cities of the World.

CHAPTER 2

Q5: Draw a map of Pakistan showing the density of population.

Q6: Draw a map of the world showing the density of population.

Q7: What are the factors of natural increase of population?

Q8: How does education can help control population growth?

Q9: What are the largest migrations in the history?

Q10: Write a detailed note on Economic Migrations.

Q11: What is your opinion about Urbanization?

Dear Students!

In this Islamiyat Homework Booklet, questions are selected very carefully for a thorough and comprehensive revision of the lessons taught during the first semester. They are prepared to let you check your familiarity with the subjects that you studied recently.

This Islamiyat summer homework does not only consist of some questions to be answered but also there are several reading passages provided as well at the end of Islamiyat booklet to enrich your spare time activities through improving your reading habit. Our students are highly encouraged to share what they will learn with their families and friends through narrating the stories and teachings of the reading passages. In that way you will first start improving your expression skill and then make your holiday more enjoyable and beneficial inshaAllah.

To spend your holiday beneficially, it is your duty to answer 8 questions of Part A on your Islamiyat notebook by means of writing great comments in prose and in your own words i.e. not through copying and pasting the exact words of the book. In that way, you will be improving your languages skill as well while making your revision of Islamiyat subject.

After doing your summer homework, check the accuracy of your answers by means of comparing them with the teachings of the coursebook and so that you find out your deficiencies (if there is any). At the end, do not neglect to complete your deficiencies, correct your mistakes or improve the quality of your comprehension about these specific questions and their subjects. HAVE A BENEFICIAL & PLEASANT SUMMER HOLIDAY!...

REVISION QUESTIONS OF SUMMER HOLIDAY

A. Give short answers to the following questions.

1. *"In the tenth year of the prophethood, Rasulullah (s.a.w.) mainly turned his attention outside of Mecca to preach Islam around the tribes in the suburbs of Mecca and neighboring cities as well."* **What events caused him to do so? Briefly explain it.**
2. Explain the importance of Rasulullah's (s.a.w.) stay in Quba during the Hijrat.
3. Why is the Hijrat of Rasulullah (s.a.w.) from Mecca to Madina in 622 AD is considered a turning point in Islamic history?
4. *Chasing Abu Sufyan's trading caravan returning from Syria caused the Battle of Badr.* After realizing this historical fact, explain how Rasulullah (s.a.w.) found himself rightful to do so and why he thought it was extremely important to capture Abu Sufyan's caravan.
5. *We know that we can not succeed in anything until Allah wishes us to be successful. In other words, we are always in need of Allah's help, assistance, guidance, etc.* Explain how Allah proved His great help for Muslims during the Battle of Badr and enabled them to gain a decisive victory against the Mushriks of Mecca? Explain it thoroughly while giving the list of three divine supports of Allah.
6. How did Rasulullah (s.a.w.) treat the captured soldiers of Mecca after the victory of the Battle of Badr? What lessons do we learn from this action of Rasulullah (s.a.w.)?
7. Briefly explain how the Battle of Uhud functioned as a decisive test to sift out the sincere and steadfast from the hypocritical and wavering?
8. *Two years after the Battle of Uhud, Mushrik allies marched upon Madina again however, when they faced Muslims' new strategy, they were shaken and could not advance their forces through the city.* **Briefly explain what this new strategy was and who suggested it.**

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable words

9. In the _____ year of the prophethood, 75 people came to Mecca from Yasrib to take the _____. At that time, they invited Rasulullah (s.a.w.) to Yasrib after promising to defend him and give shelter for him and his followers.
10. The plot of the Masjid _____ -e-Nabawi was purchased by Hazrat _____ (r.a.) and given _____ under the control of Rasulullah (s.a.w.)?

11. The _____ which was signed by Rasulullah (s.a.w.), Mushrik Arabs and Jews of Madina is known today **as the first written constitution** approved by a state throughout the human history?
12. Masjid-e-Nabawi is the _____ masjid built and as for Masjid-e-Quba, it is the _____ masjid to be built throughout the Islamic history.
13. Rasulullah (s.a.w.) led the first _____ Namaaz in the Ranuna valley of the quarters of Banu Salim during the Hijrat.
14. Rasulullah (s.a.w.) and Hazrat Abu Bakr (r.a.) hid in the Cave of _____ which lies to the south of Mecca in the opposite direction to _____ to trick the trackers.
15. Hazrat _____ got the honour of hosting Rasulullah (s.a.w.) in his house during _____ months
16. Rasulullah (s.a.w.) said: “ **Verily _____ will be conquered (in the future). What a wonderful _____ will he be, and what a wonderful army will that army be!**”
17. In the beginning of Islamic history Muslims used to turn towards the Masjid-e-Aqsa in _____ while performing Namaaz. However Rasulullah (s.a.w.) was always wishing to face towards _____ to perform Namaaz.
18. The verse “**Peaceful settlement is better**” (Surah al-Nisa, 128.) teaches us that in essence, Islamic law requires a peaceful _____ and interaction with all of the people _____ of their race, nationality, color and faith.
19. The verse “**Fight in the way of Allah with those who fight you but do not exceed the limits**” (Surah al-Baqara, 190) certainly commands us to take care of human rights _____ even during the wars by means of not killing _____, _____, non-combatants or _____ and not destroying the _____ and properties etc.
20. The Quraysh were still smarting from their defeat at Badr. The survivors were greatly encouraged to revenge themselves. In addition, the Jewish efforts roused their feelings of revenge as soon as possible. Consequently The Battle of _____ broke out in 625 AD.
21. “**Don't think about those who are martyred in Allah's way as dead; nay, they are _____ (and) are provided sustenance in the presence of their Lord. They rejoice in what Allah has given them out of His grace**” (Surah al-Baqara, 254)
22. The Battle of Trench (Ahzab) was the _____ of the Mushriks of Quraysh to destroy Islam and the Muslims. Following their withdrawal in _____ defeat and humiliation, Rasulullah (s.a.w.) declared: “**From this moment we will _____ them; they will no longer be able to raid us.**”

C. Check the statements below and mark the boxes next to them with “True (√)” or “False (X)”

23. In the 12th year of the prophethood, 12 people came to Mecca from the Khazraj tribe of Yasrib for their annual pilgrimage of idolatry. However, Rasulullah (s.a.w.) had met with them at Aqaba and invited them to Islam which was accepted. This is called **the First Pledge of Aqaba.**

24. Very sincere invitation of the people of Yasrib during the **first Pledge of Aqaba** for Rasulullah (s.a.w.) to migrate their city played a significance role for his decision to depart from Mecca to Yasrib.
25. Rasulullah's (s.a.w.) and Hazrat Abu Bakr's (r.a.) expert guide led them from the Cave of Sawr not straightly to Yasrib, but through an alternative route.
26. Ashab-e-Suffa were the ones who only concentrated on their studies under the supervision of Rasulullah (s.a.w.) and whose number reaches approximately 500.
27. In the Battle of Uhud, heavily armed Mushrik army consisted of 1,000 fighters and 100 cavalrymen. As for the Muslim army, they consisted of only 313 fighters and only two or three cavalrymen.
28. 70 combatants from Quraysh were captured at the end of the Battle of Badr. Allah allowed the Muslims to ransom them, however the literate ones amongst them were released after teaching Muslim children how to read and write.
29. Rasulullah (s.a.w.) thought that they should defend themselves within Madina's boundaries. However, several young people who longed for martyrdom wanted to fight the enemy outside of Madina. As a result Rasulullah (s.a.w.), even he did not wish this action personally, acted according to the decision taken through the consultation and prepared his army for a big fight as a commander.
30. In the 2nd year of the Hijrat, Rasulullah (s.a.w.) exiled **the Jewish tribe of Banu Qurayza** from the city of Madina for their betrayal of the Charter of Madina during the Battle of Badr.

D. Circle the correct option given below each question.

31. Which one of the following miracles occurred during the Hijrat?

- A spider spun a huge web across the entrance of the Cave of Hira
- A pair of pigeons built a nest and stayed there nesting at the mouth of the Cave of Hira
- Hazrat Ali's (r.a.) feet had been blessed with a miraculous cure.
- Suraqa's horse started to sink deep into the sand of the desert and then Suraqa, after witnessing this miracle, immediately declared Kalma -e-Shahadat and accepted Islam.

32. How did Rasulullah's (s.a.w.) name and message reach Yasrib for the first time and then his name started spreading slowly but gradually there?

- When he migrated there in 622 AD.
- When the Ashab-e-Kiram started to migrate there in small groups in 622 AD.
- In the eleventh year of the prophethood, when six men from Yasrib accepted Islam after meeting with Rasulullah (s.a.w.) at Aqaba and then returned back to Yasrib.
- In the thirteenth year of the prophethood as a beneficial result of the Second Pledge of Aqaba.

33. Which one of the following options is correct?

- Mus'ab ibn Umair (r.a) was sent to Yasrib as the first teacher of the city right after the Second Pledge of Aqaba in the 12th year of the prophethood.
- Rasulullah's (s.a.w.) Hijrat to Yasrib in 620 marks the beginning of the Muslim calendar.
- Yasrib is the previous name of the city of Madina before the Hijrat.
- When the assassins came inside of Rasulullah's (s.a.w.) home to kill him, they were pretty much surprised to see only Hazrat Ali (r.a.) sleeping on Rasulullah's (s.a.w.) bed.

34. Match the names in the first column with their duties during the Hijrat written in the second column as it is shown in the sample.

Column I	Column II
a) Abdullah ibn Uraiqit	1) To wipe out the tracks of two in the desert.
b) Hazrat Esmā' bint Abu Bakr (r.a.)	2) To return the valuables entrusted to Rasulullah to their owners
c) Herdsman of Hazrat Abu Bakr (r.a.)	3) To bring news from Mecca to Rasulullah (s.a.w.) and Hazrat Abu Bakr (r.a.) hiding in the Cave
d) Hazrat Ali (r.a.)	4) To bring food for two in the Cave of Sawr after the nightfall.
e) Hazrat Abdullah ibn Abu Bakr (r.a.)	5) To lead the blessed emigrants across the desert towards Yasrib as an experienced desert guide.

35. Which one of the following options is wrong related to the Charter of Madina?

- The treaty was signed amongst Muslims, Mushrik Arabs and the Jewish nation of Madina.
- Rasulullah's (s.a.w.) political authority as the head of the state of Madina was realized in the region.
- It was all about peace amongst Muslims and Jews not to fight anymore.
- Jews accepted Rasulullah's (s.a.w.) political authority in the city but Rasulullah (s.a.w.) gave them freedom of living according to their religion and teaching Judaism for their generations.

36. Which one of the following options is correct related to the Hypocrites in Madina?

- Rasulullah (s.a.w.) exiled them all from the city of Madina for their strong relationship with Jews.
- Approximately 700 hundred of hypocrite soldiers withdrew from the battlefield of Uhud and caused a great damage for the strength of Muslim army.
- They were not truly Muslim but were pretending to be followers of Rasulullah (s.a.w.).
- Abdullah ibn Ubayy, the leader of Hypocrites was an eminent chief of Mecca in fact.

37. Which one of the following options is amongst the main reasons of Rasulullah's (s.a.w.) great desire for the change of Qibla from Masjid -e-Aqsa to Masjid-e-Haram (Ka'ba)

- Rasulullah (s.a.w.) gave a special value for Ka'ba because of its importance as the first temple in which people worshipped Allah Alone on the earth.
- Ka'ba was the symbol of Tawheed since the time of Hazrat Adam (a.s.) and was rebuilt by Hazrat Ibraheem (a.s.) and Hazrat Ismail (a.s.) again because of its importance.
- A wicked rumour spread by the Jews offended Rasulullah (s.a.w.) greatly. And besides, Rasulullah (s.a.w.) and Muhajireen were very homesick for Mecca in where Ka'ba is located.
- All of the above.

38. The meanings of the words in the first column are mentioned in the second column. So, find and match them as it is shown in the example.

Column I	Column II
f) Muakhat	1) Helpers (Muslims of Madina).
g) The Ansaar	2) Emigration from Mecca to Madina
h) Hijrat	3) Caller for Namaaz
i) Muhajireen	4) An Accommodation and an educational institution for the poor companions.
j) Muazzin	5) Emigrants from Mecca
k) Suffa	6) Brotherhood

39. Which one of the following options is not amongst the main reasons of the permission to fight a war according to the Islamic law?

- a) Defence of our lives, families, honour, properties or country.
- b) Punishment of those who do not accept Islam.
- c) Protecting the Muslim Land from the Occupations.
- d) Spread of Islam Freely in the world.

40. Which one of the following options is not amongst the main reasons of the permission to fight a war according to the Islamic law?

- a) Defending ourselves against the enemies.
- b) Punishment of those who do not accept Islam
- c) Protecting the Muslim Land from the Occupations
- d) Spread of Islam Freely on the world.

41. Which one of the following statements is correct?

- a) Prior to the **Battle of Uhud**, Rasulullah (s.a.w.) had indicated the spots where some of the chiefs of the Mushrik army would be found dead.
- b) The strength of the enemy was greatly broken for they have lost the leading chiefs of Mecca at the **Battle of Badr**.
- c) Jewish tribe of the **Banu Qaynuqa** inside of Madina had favoured Mushriks of Mecca and betrayed Muslims during the **Battle of Uhud in 625 AD**.
- d) Rasulullah (s.a.w.) exiled three Jewish tribes from Madina **all at once** for they did not accept Islam.

42. Which one of the following statements is wrong?

- a) When Khalid ibn Waleed observed the archers who had left their post, immediately lead his cavalry around Mount Uhud and attacked on the Muslims' side through the pass.
- b) In the Battle of Uhud, Mushrik army consisted of 3,000 soldiers, including 700 in suits of armour and 200 cavalrymen while Muslim army consisted of only ill-equipped 700 soldiers.
- c) The 300 Hypocrites led by Abdullah ibn Ubay, deserted from the Muslim army and returned to Madina before the Battle of Uhud started.
- d) The Mushrik army completely defeated Muslims and demolished their power in the Battle of Uhud and then immediately returned Mecca as victorious soldiers.

43. Which one of the following statements is wrong?

- a) Two days after the Battle of Uhud, **Safwan ibn Umayya**, an eminent leader of Quraish recommended to the others to attack Madina again to kill Rasulallah (s.a.w.) and destroy all Muslims living there.
- b) Muslims learned in the Battle of Uhud that Allah's help requires, besides belief and devotion, deliberation, strategy, and steadfastness.
- c) After seeing that Umm-e-Umara did her best to defend Rasulallah (s.a.w.) so heroically during the Battle of Uhud, Rasulallah (s.a.w.) told her: "**Who else can endure all that you endure?**"
- d) Rasulallah (s.a.w.) was severely wounded in the Battle of Uhud, however even after falling into a pit and bleeding profusely, he neither prayed against the enemy nor cursed them.

44. Which one of the following options is not related to the Battle of Badr?

- a) Rasulallah (s.a.w.) threw a handful dust towards the enemies and it reached the eyes of every soldier by the wish of Allah.
- b) A piercing blast of cold wind from the east destroyed the strength of the Mushriks.
- c) Allah made Muslim soldiers appear less in the eyes of Mushriks and likewise Mushrik soldiers appear less in the eyes of Muslims as well
- d) Despite the fact that it was a very dangerous situation, one night before the Battle, Muslims felt drowsy in front of greatly crowded enemies, relaxed well and hence did not lose their strength.

